A true or false quiz about safeguarding children in the UK, with a focus on explaining the jobs of social workers. The answers will include relevant statistics:

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| **Questions** | **True** | **False** |
| 1. True or False: Social workers in the UK are primarily responsible for investigating suspected cases of child abuse and neglect. |  |  |
| 2. True or False: Social workers are the only professionals involved in safeguarding children in the UK. |  |  |
| 3. True or False: Social workers in the UK are required to follow a specific legal framework while dealing with child protection cases. |  |  |
| 4. True or False: Social workers in the UK have the authority to remove a child from their home without any legal process. |  |  |
| 5. True or False: The number of children in need of safeguarding in the UK has been decreasing in recent years. |  |  |
| 6. True or False: Social workers in the UK mainly focus on reactive interventions after an incident has occurred. |  |  |
| 7. True or False: Training and continuous professional development are essential for social workers to improve their safeguarding skills and knowledge. |  |  |
| 8. True or False: Social workers can work in various settings, such as local authorities, schools, and healthcare institutions, to safeguard children. |  |  |
| 9. True or False: The role of social workers in safeguarding children is limited to addressing cases of physical abuse only. |  |  |
| 10. True or False: Safeguarding children is solely the responsibility of the social services department in the UK. |  |  |

Answers:

1. Answer: True. Social workers play a crucial role in investigating and assessing concerns related to child abuse and neglect to ensure children's safety and well-being.
2. Answer: False. Safeguarding children is a collaborative effort involving various professionals, including teachers, healthcare providers, police officers, and social workers, working together to protect children.
3. Answer: True. Social workers adhere to legal frameworks such as the Children Act 1989 and the Children Act 2004, which set out the duties and responsibilities for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children.
4. Answer: False. Social workers cannot remove a child from their home without proper legal processes and procedures. Removals require a court order, which is obtained when there is an immediate risk to the child's safety.
5. Answer: False. The number of children in need of safeguarding has been increasing over the years. In the year ending March 2021, there were approximately 736,000 children in need in England, which is the highest number recorded since 2015. (Source: Department for Education)
6. Answer: False. While social workers respond to incidents of child abuse, they also work proactively, providing support and services to families at risk to prevent potential harm to children.
7. Answer: True. Ongoing training and professional development are crucial for social workers to stay informed about best practices and updates in safeguarding, allowing them to provide the best support to children and families.
8. Answer: True. Social workers may work in different settings, including local authorities, schools, hospitals, and charities, to identify and address safeguarding concerns for children.
9. Answer: False. Social workers address a wide range of concerns, including physical abuse, emotional abuse, neglect, and sexual abuse, to ensure the safety and well-being of children.
10. Answer: False. Safeguarding children is a collective responsibility involving multiple agencies, including social services, education, healthcare, law enforcement, and the wider community.

Please note that statistics and data may change over time, so it's advisable to refer to the most current and official sources for the latest information on safeguarding children in the UK.